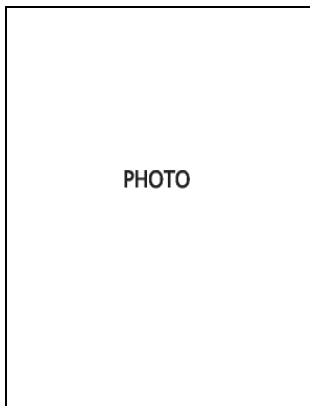




504.1.4 Anaphylaxis Emergency Plan Amended Dec. 10, 2013

Name: _____



This person has a potentially life-threatening allergy (Anaphylaxis) to:

- | | |
|------------------------------------|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Peanut | <input type="checkbox"/> Other: |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Tree nuts | <input type="checkbox"/> Insect stings |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Egg | <input type="checkbox"/> Latex |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Milk | <input type="checkbox"/> Medication: |

Food: The key to preventing an anaphylactic emergency is absolute avoidance of the allergen. People with food allergies should not share food or eat unmarked / bulk foods or products with a "may contain" warning.

Epinephrine Auto-Injector: Expiry Date: -----

- Dosage:**
- | | |
|---|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> EpiPen® Jr 0.15 mg | <input type="checkbox"/> EpiPen® 0.30 mg |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Twinject™ 0.15 mg | <input type="checkbox"/> Twinject™ 0.30 mg |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Allerject 0.15 mg | <input type="checkbox"/> Allerject 0.30 mg |

Location of Auto-Injector(s): -----

- Asthmatic:** Person is at greater risk. If person is having a reaction and has difficulty breathing, give epinephrine auto-injector before asthma medication.

To be completed and copied for use in classroom, staff room, office, and Substitute Teacher Handbook for appropriate staff.

A person having an anaphylactic reaction might have ANY of these signs and symptoms:

- **Skin:** hives, swelling, itching, warmth, redness, rash
- **Respiratory (breathing):** wheezing, shortness of breath, throat tightness, cough, hoarse voice, chest pain/tightness, nasal congestion or hay fever-like symptoms (runny itchy nose and watery eyes, sneezing), trouble swallowing
- **Gastrointestinal (stomach):** nausea, pain/cramps, vomiting, diarrhea
- **Cardiovascular (heart):** pale/blue colour, weak pulse, passing out, dizzy/lightheaded, shock
- **Other:** anxiety, feeling of "impending doom", headache

Early recognition of symptoms and immediate treatment could save a person's life.

Act quickly. The first signs of a reaction can be mild, but symptoms can get worse very quickly.

1. **Give epinephrine auto-injector** (e.g. EpiPen® or Twinject™) at the first sign of a reaction occurring in conjunction with a known or suspected contact with allergen. Give a second dose in 10 to 15 minutes or sooner **IF** the reaction continues or worsens.
2. **Call 911.** Tell them someone is having a life-threatening allergic reaction. Ask them to send an ambulance immediately.
3. **Remove causative agent.** I.e. Latex glove, perfume, peanuts.
4. **Go to the nearest hospital,** even if symptoms are mild or have stopped.
5. **Call contact person.**

Emergency Contact Information

Name	Relationship	Home Phone	Work Phone	Cell Phone

The undersigned patient, parent, or guardian authorizes any adult to administer epinephrine to the above-named person in the event of an anaphylactic reaction, as described above. This protocol has been recommended by the patient's physician.

Patient/Parent/Guardian Signature

Patient/Parent/Guardian Signature

Date

Physician Signature

Date